•			<i>'</i> ·
FILED 2012 AUG 20 P 3: 0b	IN THE COURT OF (COMMON PLEAS	S_250. DEPOSITED
5015 YAP 50	CUYAHOGA CO	UNTY, OHIO	A Courts
GERALD E. FUERST CELLERY OF COUNTY 1205 Lost Nation Apt. 201 Willoughby, OH 44094 Plaintiff,)	CASE NO.: JUDGE	Complaint SUSTER 9635
VS.	ý	COMPLAINT	
University Hospitals of Cla 3605 Warrensville Center MSC 9215 – HR Shaker Hts., OH 44122-52	Road)	(Jury Demand Endor	rsed Hereon)

Defendant.

Now comes Plaintiff, Celeste Garrett (hereinafter "Plaintiff"), by and through her undersigned counsel, Dworken & Bernstein Co., L.P.A., and for her Complaint against University Hospitals of Cleveland, Inc. (hereinafter "Defendant") states as follows:

PARTIES

- 1. Plaintiff is a resident of Willoughby, Lake County, Ohio.
- Plaintiff was an eligible employee of Defendant as that term is defined for purposes of the Family and Medical Leave Act 29 U.S.C. Section 2601, et. seq. (hereinafter "FMLA").
- Defendant is a corporation duly licensed to do business in the State of Ohio with a facility located in Cuyahoga County, Ohio.
 - 4. Defendant was Plaintiff's employer for purposes of the FMLA.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- Plaintiff realleges and reavers each and every allegation contained in Paragraphs
 One (1) through Four (4) of this Complaint as if fully rewritten herein.
- 6. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this action pursuant to the provisions of the FMLA.
 - 7. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant.
 - 8. This action is properly venued.

STATEMENT OF FACTS

- 9. Plaintiff realleges and reavers each and every allegation contained in Paragraphs
 One (1) through Eight (8) of this Complaint as if fully rewritten herein.
 - 10. Plaintiff was employed by Defendant.
- 11. During the course of her employment, Plaintiff was approved for intermittent FMLA leave through April 22, 2011 because of a serious health condition of her minor child.
- 12. Plaintiff's minor child suffers from seizures which constitute a serious health condition for purposes of the FMLA.
- 13. On February 24, 2011, Plaintiff called off indicating that her daughter was having a seizure.
- 14. Despite the fact that Plaintiff had FMLA leave in place to cover these types of absences, Defendant would not characterize this absence as FMLA leave pursuant to Plaintiff's previously approved intermittent FMLA leave.
 - 15. As a result of the February 24, 2011 action, Plaintiff was terminated.
 - 16. Defendant's termination of Plaintiff was undertaken in violation of the FMLA.

17. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's termination of Plaintiff, Plaintiff has sustained and continues to sustain, lost wages, lost benefits and has incurred other costs and expenses, including, but not limited to attorneys' fees, all in an amount in excess of Twenty-Five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00).

COUNT I RETALIATION FOR TAKING FMLA LEAVE

- 18. Plaintiff realleges and reavers each and every allegation contained in Paragraphs
 One (1) through Seventeen (17) of this Complaint as if fully rewritten herein.
- 19. The time Plaintiff took off of work as result her daughter's serious health condition qualifies as FMLA leave of absence in accordance with the provisions of the FMLA.
- 20. The foregoing conduct by Defendant in refusing to recognize Plaintiff's February 24, 2011 absence as FMLA leave constitutes retaliation for Plaintiff asserting her rights under the FMLA in violation of 29 U.S.C. §2615(a)(2).
- 21. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's retaliation of Plaintiff's FMLA rights, Plaintiff has sustained and continues to sustain lost wages, lost benefits and has incurred other costs and expenses, including, but not limited to attorneys' fees in an amount in excess of \$25,000.00.

COUNT II INTERFERENCE WITH FMLA RIGHTS

- 22. Plaintiff realleges and reavers each and every allegation contained in Paragraphs
 One (1) through Twenty-One (21) of this Complaint as if fully rewritten herein.
- 23. The time Plaintiff took off of work as result of her daughter's serious health condition qualified as FMLA leave in accordance with the provisions of the FMLA.

- 24. The foregoing conduct by Defendant in failing to recognize the February 24, 2011 absence as FMLA leave constitutes an interference with Plaintiff's assertion of her rights under the FMLA in violation of 29 U.S.C. §2615(a)(1).
- 25. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's interference of Plaintiff's FMLA rights, Plaintiff has sustained and continues to sustain lost wages, lost benefits and has incurred other costs and expenses, including, but not limited to attorneys' fees in an amount in excess of \$25,000.00.

WHEREFORE, for the foregoing reasons, Plaintiff requests the following relief:

- A. Compensatory damages in an amount in excess of Twenty-Five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00);
- B. Liquidated damages pursuant to the FMLA;
- C. Attorneys' fees and costs as provided for under the law;
- D. Pre- and post-judgment interest; and
- E. Such other and further relief as this Honorable Court may deem Plaintiff to be entitled.

Respectfully submitted,

Richard N. Selby, II, Esq. (#0059996)

rselby@dworkenlaw.com

DWORKEN & BERNSTEIN CO., L.P.A.

60 South Park Place

Painesville, Ohio 44077

(440) 352-3391

Attorney for Plaintiff Celeste Garrett